2023 Project Delivery Academy MODULE 1: Planning and P2P Presentation 1/11/23

Presented by: Jason James Regional Planning Manager Multimodal Planning Division



Regional Planning Topics

- 1. Regional Planning Overview
- 2. Funding Eligibility & Match
- 3. COG/MPO Required Documents
- 4. Functional Classification & Traffic Counts
- 5. Statewide Studies
- 6. P2P Process
- 7. Tribal Transportation
- 8. Resources & Contact Info



Overview

Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO)

- 50k urbanized population
- 6 in AZ: CYMPO, FMPO, LHMPO, SCMPO, SVMPO, & YMPO

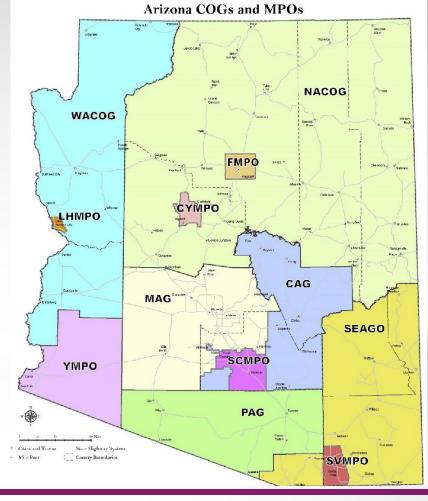
Transportation Management Area (TMA)

- 200k urbanized population
- 2 in AZ: MAG & PAG

Council of Government (COG)

- Rural areas
- 4 in AZ: CAG, NACOG, SEAGO, & WACOG

*Every town, city, county, or tribe may participate in at least one COG, MPO, or TMA





COG/MPO Oversight

- ADOT/MPD has oversight responsibilities as a direct recipient passing through Federal aid to a designated Council of Government (COG) and Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO)
 - Two year grant agreement
 - Participate as voting members on COG/MPO committee's as a regional partner providing transportation planning and programming assistance
 - Review and approve COG/MPO federal aid reimbursement requests



Regional Funding Opportunities

- Surface Transportation Block Grant Program (STBG)
- State Planning & Research (SPR)
- Consolidated Planning Grant (CPG) includes...
 - Metropolitan Planning (PL) and Transit Planning (5305d)
- Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality (CMAQ)

ADOT Competitive Funding Opportunities

- Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities (5310)
- Rural Public Transportation Program (5311)
- Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP)
- Off System Bridge (OSB) and AZ SMART Program



Funding Eligibility

- STBG Design & Construction (+ planning, studies, data collection, admin most flexible)
- **SPR** Planning, studies, data collection, admin
- CPG (PL/5305d) Same as SPR (MPOs & TMAs only)
- CMAQ Projects that improve air quality (MAG only)
- 5310 Buses, equipment, & operations to support elderly & disabled mobility (private nonprofit also eligible)
- 5311 Rural public transit capital, admin, & operations
- **HSIP** Mitigate a safety issue



Funding Local Match Rates

- **STBG** 5.7%
- **SPR** 20%
- CPG (PL/5305d) 5.7%
- **CMAQ** 0% to 5.7%
- **5310** 0% to 20%
- **5311** 0% to 20%
- **HSIP** 0% to 5.7%

Note: Match can be both *Hard (cash)* or *Soft (in-kind)*

Participating in COG, MPO, or TMA activities **counts as** *in-kind*... no cash out of your pocket



Poquirod		Product/ Document	Horizon	Contents	Updates		Agency	
	Required			contents	opuates		мро	COG
	Docs	M/RTP (Metropolitan/Regional Transportation Plan)	20 years (min.)	Policies, goals, and strategies	Every 5 years (4 years for non-attainment and maintenance areas)	~	✓	
	Other products &	UPWP (Unified Planning Work Program)	2 years	Planning studies and tasks	Biennially	~	~	
	<i>services</i> ✓ Planning Studies	WP (Work Program)	2 years	Planning studies and tasks	Biennially			~
	 Transportation Programs 	TIP (Transportation Improvement Program)	4-5 years	Transportation investments by fund type and funding year	At least every 4 years (period may occur more frequently)	~	~	~
	 Transit Coordination 	Public Participation Plan	N/A	Details of the MPO public involvement process	As needed (to stay in compliance with federal regulations)	~	~	~
	 Human Service Programs 	Title VI Plan	N/A	Actions taken to meet antidiscrimination laws	Annually	1	~	\$
	(COGs/TMAs) ✓ Education	Regional Coordination Plan	N/A	Transportation services for people with disabilities, low incomes, and older adults	Based on TIP and MTP (4 years for non-attainment and maintenance areas)	~	~	~
	TrainingAnd more	Air Quality Regional Conformity	Based on TIP and MTP	Conformity links air quality and transportation planning to ensure transportation activities in non- attainment and maintenance areas are consistent with air quality goals	Based on TIP and MTP (4 years for non-attainment and maintenance areas)	~	~	
		Congestion Management Plan	Ongoing	Provides demand reduction and operational management strategies	As needed	\$		

Functional Classification

 Before a project goes in the TIP... the road must receive a Federal Functional Classification

Functional Classification: Interstate Principal Arterial Minor Arterial Major Collector Minor Collector Local Road (not eligible for federal aid)

Functional Classification Request Tool:

https://azgeo.az.gov/adot/WeLoveYourl nput.aspx#ajax/FCmap.html

OR

Contact Sage Donaldson (sdonaldson@azdot.gov); Jim Meyer (jmeyer@azdot.gov)



Highway Performance Management System (HPMS)

Once a road receives Federal Functionally Classification, FHWA requires traffic data counts to comply with HPMS.

Traffic Count Frequency:

Interstate	<u>3 ye</u>	<u>ears</u>
<u>Ramps</u>	<u>6 ye</u>	<u>ears</u>
Principal Arte	<u>rial</u>	<u>3 years</u>
Minor Arteria		<u>6 years</u>
Major Collect	<u>or</u>	<u>6 years</u>
Minor Collect	or	<u>6 years</u>
Local Road	<u>Not</u>	Required

Traffic Count Tool: https://arcg.is/050GK

OR

Contact Sage Donaldson (sdonaldson@azdot.gov); Jim Meyer (jmeyer@azdot.gov)



Statewide Studies Program

- What types of studies
 - Variety of topics to support ADOT technical groups, Districts and Federal Requirements. Examples include:
 - Rest Area Study
 - Port of Entry Study
 - Overhead Sign Structure Study
 - ITS Architecture
 - Wildlife-Vehicle Conflict Study
 - Long Range Transportation Plan
 - Corridor Studies
 - Freight Plan



Statewide Studies Program

- Project Priorities
 - Project selection criteria considers date of last study and need for update, emphasis from ADOT leadership and any new requirements from transportation legislation, etc.
 - Two year Work Program
 - Annual budget approximately \$900K



Statewide Studies Program

- Transportation Planning Process
 - A transportation study includes some or all of the following elements depending on project scope:
 - Vision, goals and objectives
 - Existing and future conditions
 - Needs assessment
 - Develop strategies to address needs
 - Project selection and prioritization
 - Funding and implementation
 - System performance monitoring



ADOT Tribal Transportation

- 22 federally recognized Indian Tribes, Communities and Native Nations in Arizona with tribal land encompassing approximately 27,736,000 acres or 28% of the State land base.
- 14 Tribal airports and seven Tribal public transit systems situated within Tribal communities throughout Arizona.
- Both State and Tribal governments have the common goal of providing efficient transportation systems for the safety and welfare of the traveling public.
- Contacts:
 - Paula Brown <u>pbrown@azdot.gov</u> (Northern Area)
 - Don Sneed <u>dsneed@azdot.gov</u> (Southern Area)
 - Arizona Tribal Transportation website: http://www.aztribaltransportation.org/



Resources/Contacts

- Myrna Bondoc <u>mbondoc@azdot.gov</u> (CYMPO, MetroPlan (Flagstaff), NACOG)
- Mark Hoffman <u>mhoffman@azdot.gov</u> (SEAGO, SVMPO, PAG, Yuma MPO)
- William Randolph <u>wrandolph@azdot.gov</u> (CAG, LHMPO, SCMPO, WACOG)
- ADOT MPO/COG Procedures Manual: https://azdot.gov/planning/transportation-planning/tmas-mp os-and-cogs/adot-mpo-and-cog-guidelines-and-procedures



What is P2P?

Long Range Transportation Plan







Five-Year Construction Program



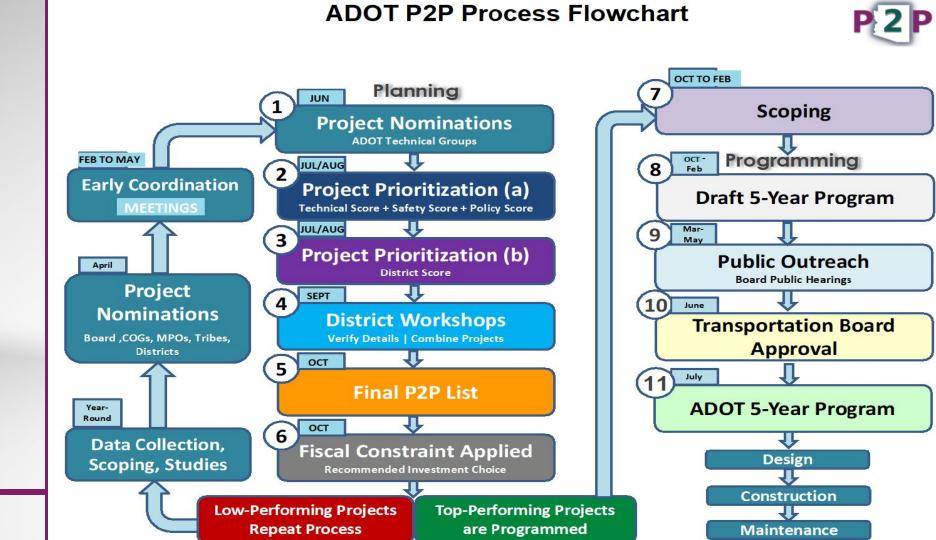


Why P2P?

Performance-Based Planning to Programming is the Law
 Federal Regulation (FAST Act)

- 23 USC Section 135(d)(2), and 49 USC Section 5304(d)(2)
- **State Statute**
 - ARS Title 28, Chapter 2, Article 7 (§ 28-501 through § 28-507)
- Financial Stewardship
 - Maximize Use of Public Funds





P2P Scoring Overview

Pavement Preservation

> Annual Investment Target: \$260M

<u>Scoring:</u> Technical = 51% District = 45% Policy = 4% Bridge Preservation

> Annual Investment Target: \$60M

Scoring: Technical & Safety = 60% District = 30% Policy = 10% Modernization <u>Annual</u>
<u>Investment</u>
<u>Target:</u>
\$91M <u>Scoring:</u>
Technical = 35%
District = 30%

Safety = 25%

Policy = 10%

Expansion <u>Annual</u> <u>Investment</u> <u>Target:</u> \$0M Scoring:

Scoring: Technical = 50% District = 25% Safety = 15% Policy = 10%



P2P Scoring Breakdown Pavement Preservation

PRESERVATION (PAVEMENT)

Activities that improve or sustain the condition of the transportation facility to a state of good repair

	Performance Target	Measure	Weighting		
Technical (51%)	% Interstate Good Condition = 44% % Interstate Poor Condition = 2% % Non-Interstate Good Condition = 28% % Non-Interstate Poor Condition = 6%	Pavement Condition: IRI, Cracking, & Rutting Deterioration Factors Lifecycle Factors	51%		
		Total Technical Score	51%		
	Performance Target	Measure	Weighting		
District (45%)	N/A	N/A District Engineer Evaluation			
Total District Score					
	Performance Target	Measure	Weighting		
Policy (4%)	N/A	External Funding Contribution	1%		
	N/A	Transportation Disadvantaged Communities	3%		
		Total Policy Score	4%		
	*Subject to Change		100%		

Work Types

Maintenance

- \forall Concrete repair
- ∀ Flush shoulder /shoulder edge repair
- \forall Leveling with premix
- ∀ Patching / blade laying
- \forall Pothole repair
- \forall Slide removal and rock patrol
- \forall Spot filling cracks / crack seal
- ∀ Spot pavement profiling / AC grinding

Preservation

- \forall AC grinding / milling
- ∀ Cape seal
- ∀ Chip seal
- ∀ Crack seal / fill
- \forall Fog seal / flush
- ∀ Friction coarse (AR-ACFC / ACFC) / mill & fill or overlay of friction coarse
- \forall Micro surface
- ∀ PCCP cross stitching
- ∀ PCCP dowel-bar retrofit (DBR)
- ∀ PCCP diamond grinding
- ∀ Slurry seal
- \forall Spot repair
- ∀ Thin bonded overlay

Rehabilitation

- \forall Major AC overlays
- \forall Mill & fill (existing AC)

Reconstruction

- ∀ Removal and replacement of existing roadway section
- ∀ Spot reconstruction

P2P Scoring Breakdown Bridge Preservation

PRESERVATION (BRIDGE)

Activities that improve or sustain the condition of the transportation facility to a state of good repair

	Performance Target	Measure	Weighting			
Technical & Safety (60%)	% NHS Bridges Good Condition = 52% % NHS Bridges Poor Condition = 4%	Bridge Condition: Deck, Superstructure, Substructure, Culvert, Scour Lifecycle Factors	60%			
Total Technical Score						
	Performance Target	Measure	Weighting			
District (30%)	N/A District Engineer Evaluation		30%			
Total District Score						
Policy (10%)	Performance Target	Measure	Weighting			
	Freight Reliability on Interstate = 1.35	Freight Percentage (T-Factor)	3%			
	N/A	Functional Classification	3%			
	N/A	External Funding Contribution	1%			
	N/A	Transportation Disadvantaged Communities	3%			
		Total Policy Score	10%			
	*Subject to Change		100%			

Work Types

Maintenance

- $\forall \quad \mathsf{Approach \ overlay}$
- $\forall \quad \mathsf{Barrier \, repair}$
- \forall Drainage / hydrovac
- \forall Channel work
- $\forall \quad \mathsf{Cleaning}$
- \forall Minor crash repair
- ∀ Pipe / culvert repair
- ∀ Scour repair (existing)
- \forall Spall / pothole repair
- \forall Structure maintenance
- $\forall \quad \mathsf{Washing}$

Preservation

- ∀ Cyclical Maintenance Activities
- ∀ Deck joint / seal replacement
- ∀ Deck overlay
- \forall Deck seal
- \forall Major channel repair
- \forall Painting (steel)
- \forall Scour retrofit
- \forall Seismic retrofit
- \forall Slab jacking

Rehabilitation

- ∀ Major bridge element rehab / replacement
- \forall Major crash repair
- ∀ Superstructure replacement

Reconstruction

∀ Bridge / culvert (over 20') replacement

P2P Scoring Breakdown Modernization

•					
	Modernization Scoring				
	Performance Target	Measure	Weighting		
Technical (35%)	Varies	Technical Group Project Ranking (Statewide)	35%		
Total Technical Score					
District (20%)	Performance Target	Measure	Weighting		
District (30%)	N/A	District Engineer Evaluation	30%		
	Total District Score		30%		
	Performance Target	Measure	Weighting		
Safety (25%)	Fatalities = 1% increase Fatality Rate = 0% increase Serious Injuries = 4% decrease Serious Injury Rate = 6% decrease Non-Motorized = 2% increase	Fatality Rate = 0% increaseSerious Injuries = 4% decreaseSerious Injury Rate = 6% decrease			
Total Safety Score					
	Performance Target	Measure	Weighting		
	Freight Reliability on Interstate = 1.35	Freight Percentage (T-Factor)	ect 35% 35% Weighting ation 30% 30% Weighting ce 25% Weighting actor) 3% ion 3% bution 1% ataged 3%		
Policy (10%)	N/A	Functional Classification	3%		
	N/A	External Funding Contribution	1%		
	N/A	Transportation Disadvantaged Communities	3%		
Total Policy Score					
*Subject to Change					

MODERNIZATION

Improvements that upgrade efficiency, functionality, and safety without adding capacity

Work Types

- ADA / pedestrian
- Bicycle lane / shoulder
- Climbing / passing Lanes
- Drainage
- Fence (new / replacement)
- Guardrail (new / replacement)
- Intersection / interchange
 enhancement
 - New intersection
 - o Reconfiguration
 - o Roundabout
 - o Ramp
- Signal
- o Turn lanes
- Information Technology Systems (ITS)
- Pedestrian crossings
- Retrofit / correct functional obsolescence
- Rockfall mitigation
- Safety modifications /
 enhancements
- Tree removal / recovery area
- Traffic control and management
- Widening existing lanes / shoulders
- Wildlife crossings or mitigation

P2P Scoring Breakdown Expansion

EXPANSION

Improvements that add capacity by adding new facilities

Work Types

- New gradeseparated overpass / underpass (if adding lanes) © Railroad X-ing © Interchange
- o DHOV Ramp
- New lanes
- New rail

.

New routes / bypass

*Expansion prioritized on a Five-Year Cycle, concurrent with

Expansion Scoring						
	Performance Target	Measure	Weighting			
	N/A	Level of Service (LOS)	10%			
	N/A	Average System Speed	5%			
Technical (50%)	Travel Time Reliability (TTR) Interstate = 85.8% TTR Non-Interstate NHS = 74.9%	System Reliability	10%			
	Freight Reliability on Interstate = 1.35	System Reliability (freight)	10%			
	N/A	Cost Effectiveness	10%			
	N/A	New Permanent Jobs Created	5%			
		Total Technical Score	50%			
	Performance Target	Measure	Weighting			
District (25%)	N/A	District Engineer Evaluation	25%			
Total District Score						
	Performance Target	Measure				
Safety (15%)	Fatalities = 1% increase Fatality Rate = 0% increase Serious Injuries = 4% decrease Serious Injury Rate = 6% decrease Non-Motorized = 2% increase	Level of Safety Service	15%			
		Total Safety Score	15%			
	Performance Target	Measure	Weighting			
	Freight Reliability on Interstate = 1.35	Freight Percentage (T-Factor)	3%			
	N/A	Functional Classification	10% 10% 5% 50% Weighting 25% Weighting 15% 15% Weighting 3% 3% 3%			
Policy (10%)	N/A	External Funding Contribution	1%			
	N/A	Transportation Disadvantaged Communities	3%			
Total Policy Score						
	*Subject to Change		100%			

Project Review – Northwest District

District Rank	PAVEMENT		BRIDGE		MODERNIZATION		
1	22.044	US 93- Silver Spring Road	B20.30	Lake Havasu TI UP#1586	M0001	I-17 Superelevation Corrections	
2	22.039	Markham Wash to Seligman TI (EB)	B21.58	Ramp N-N Over I-17 #2938	MH090	US 93 SB: MP165 - MP172	
3	22.097	Seligman TI-MP 132	B21.53	Dugas Rd TI OP SB #1080	MV078	US 93 Michigan U Couplet - West Tony Avenue	
4	22.030	US 93 - MP 92 to MP 101	B22.03	SR 89 TI WHIPPLE OP #2802	MO006	I-40 Superelevation Correction	
5	22.014	US 93 - MP 156 to MP 172	B22.01	Black Rock Wash Br WB #848	MJ196	Joshua Tree Freight Improvements Option B	
6	22.002	US 93 - MP 130 to MP 138.1	B22.02	E Kingman SFRR OP WB #1360			
7	22.015	US 93 - MP 138.1 to MP 144	B21.57	Willow Creek Br #6 WB #1769			
8	22.251	Weigh Station to Ash Fork	B20.09	Drake AT&SF RR OP#400			
9	22.162	MP 256-SR 69					
10	22.123	Lake Havasu TI to Illavar Wash					

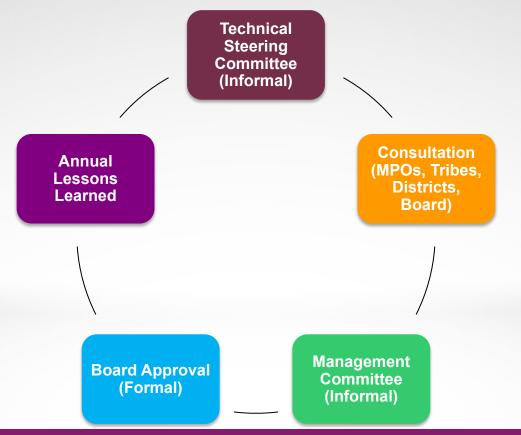


Project Review – Northwest District

District Rank		EXPANSION
1	E038	US 93 Big Jim Wash, MP 161-166
2	E039	Joshua Tree Freight Improvements Option A
3	E086	Cane Springs
4	E040	Vista Royale Safety Improvements Option A
5	E036	P5 Old Highway 89 & Frontier Road



Continuous Improvement





Questions

Jason James Regional Planning Manager ADOT MPD 602-712-6166 jjames6@azdot.gov

