

### Why does ADOT protect tortoises?

ADOT, along with the Arizona Game and Fish Department (AGFD) and several federal agencies, are signatory members of a Candidate Conservation Agreement (CCA) for the Sonoran Desert Tortoise (SDT). The CCA was developed to help preclude the listing of SDT under the Endangered Species Act. It is a cooperative effort to provide effective conservation for the SDT in Arizona. Under the agreement, ADOT has committed to enact avoidance, minimization, and mitigation measures for projects occurring within and adjacent to suitable habitat for SDT. This includes surveying proactively for tortoise habitat ahead of projects, collecting information on sightings, and training staff and contractors on methods to protect the tortoise during construction and maintenance work.

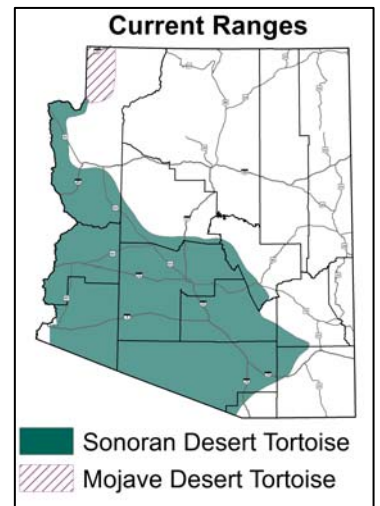


### Legal Status

The SDT is protected under a CCA as described above. At the state level, wildlife are protected from collection and sale under Title 17 (ARS 17-309). AGFD classifies the SDT as a Tier 1A Species of Greatest Conservation Need and SDT are specifically restricted from collection under the AGFD Commission Rule R12-4-406.

### Where are they found?

Two separate and distinct populations of desert tortoise occur in Arizona. The Mojave Desert Tortoise occurs west and north of the Colorado River within open, flat expanses of desert. The Sonoran Desert Tortoise occurs primarily in rocky and boulder strewn mountains and hills east of the Colorado River throughout western and central Arizona.



**This handout applies ONLY to the Sonoran Desert Tortoise. Separate guidelines/measures are required for the Mojave Desert Tortoise due to its listing as Threatened under the Endangered Species Act.**



## THE GOAL IS TO AVOID NEGATIVE ENCOUNTERS!

### How?

1. ALWAYS check under your vehicle and construction equipment **before** operating.
2. Drive slowly, especially on unpaved roads or off-road.
3. Cover any holes/pits/trenches at the end of each construction day.

#### If you encounter a tortoise:

1. Stop work immediately and turn off all equipment.
2. Notify your superintendent and the Resident Engineer.
3. Is the tortoise in imminent danger?
  - **No:** Stay back at least 10 feet from the animal. Allow the animal to leave. PLEASE BE PATIENT!
    - If the animal is located within your work area and is not leaving in a timely manner, then move your operation to a different location at least 1,000 feet away.
  - **Yes:** Move it out the way by following the attached AGFD "Guidelines for Handling Sonoran Desert Tortoises Encountered on Development Projects" dated September 22, 2014.
    - Tortoises should be moved less than 48 hours in advance of the habitat disturbance so they do not return to the area in the interim.
    - Tortoises should be moved quickly, kept in an upright position parallel to the ground at all times, and placed in the shade.
    - Separate disposable gloves should be worn for each tortoise handled to avoid potential transfer of disease between tortoises.
    - Tortoises must not be moved if the ambient air temperature exceeds 40°C (105°F) unless an alternate burrow is available or the tortoise is in imminent danger.
    - A tortoise may be moved up to one-half mile, but no further than necessary from its original location.



#### ---If you don't know or are unsure of what to do, ASK!---

4. Fill out the attached ADOT Sonoran Desert Tortoise Observation Form and submit to the ADOT Biology Team ([bioteam@azdot.gov](mailto:bioteam@azdot.gov)) within 24 hours of any encounter. Photograph the animal if possible.

If you encounter a **sick, dying, injured, or dead tortoise** or if the ambient air temperature exceeds 105° F, please contact the assigned ADOT Biologist and Coby Teal (928) 304-0487 immediately with the location of the animal. These animals will be collected either by trained ADOT personnel or by AGFD.

If you observe poaching, collecting, selling, or any other illegal activities, contact AGFD's OPERATION GAME THIEF at **1-800-352-0700**, 24 hours a day or on the internet at

<http://www.azgfd.gov/ogt.shtml>

Additional information for SDT life history and habitat requirements is available at:

Arizona Game and Fish Department:

<https://www.azgfd.com/wildlife/nongamemanagement/tortoise/>

US Fish and Wildlife Service:

[https://www.fws.gov/southwest/es/arizona/Sonoran\\_Tort.htm](https://www.fws.gov/southwest/es/arizona/Sonoran_Tort.htm)

# ADOT



GUIDELINES FOR HANDLING SONORAN DESERT TORTOISES  
ENCOUNTERED ON DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS

Arizona Game and Fish Department  
Revised September 22, 2014

The Arizona Game and Fish Department (Department) has developed the following guidelines to reduce potential impacts to desert tortoises, and to promote the continued existence of tortoises throughout the state. These guidelines apply to short-term and/or small-scale projects, depending on the number of affected tortoises and specific type of project.

The Sonoran desert tortoise occurs south and east of the Colorado River. Tortoises encountered in the open should be moved out of harm's way to adjacent appropriate habitat. If an occupied burrow is determined to be in jeopardy of destruction, the tortoise should be relocated to the nearest appropriate alternate burrow or other appropriate shelter, as determined by a qualified biologist. Tortoises should be moved less than 48 hours in advance of the habitat disturbance so they do not return to the area in the interim. Tortoises should be moved quickly, kept in an upright position parallel to the ground at all times, and placed in the shade. Separate disposable gloves should be worn for each tortoise handled to avoid potential transfer of disease between tortoises. Tortoises must not be moved if the ambient air temperature exceeds 40°Celsius (105°Fahrenheit) unless an alternate burrow is available or the tortoise is in imminent danger.

A tortoise may be moved up to one-half mile, but no further than necessary from its original location. If a release site or alternate burrow is unavailable within this distance, and ambient air temperature exceeds 40°Celsius (105°Fahrenheit), contact the Department for guidance. Tortoises salvaged from projects which result in substantial permanent habitat loss (e.g. housing and highway projects), or those requiring removal during long-term (longer than one week) construction projects, may be placed in the Department's tortoise adoption program. *Managers of projects likely to affect desert tortoises should obtain a [scientific collecting license](#) from the Department to facilitate handling or temporary possession of tortoises.* Likewise, if large numbers of tortoises (>5) are expected to be displaced by a project, the project manager should contact the Department for guidance and/or assistance.

Please keep in mind the following points:

- Use the Department's [Environmental On-Line Review Tool Department](#) during the planning stages of any project that may affect desert tortoise habitat.
- Unless specifically authorized by the Department, or as noted above, project personnel should avoid disturbing any tortoise.
- Take is prohibited by state law.
- These guidelines do not apply to Mojave desert tortoises (north and west of the Colorado River). Mojave desert tortoises are listed as threatened under the Endangered Species Act, administered by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.
- These guidelines are subject to revision at the discretion of the Department.

Date of Observation

Time

Observed By

Location- Route

Location- Milepost

ADOT District

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Description of Encounter

Photo(s)

GPS (if available)

Email completed form  
to: ADOT Biology Team  
bioteam@azdot.gov