

#### Title VI Nondiscrimination Program for MPOs and COGs with Federal Highway Administration & Federal Transit Administration

Presentation by ADOT Civil Rights Office June 11, 2024



#### WiFi Access

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# Agenda

- Introductions
- ADOT Compliance Oversight
- FHWA & FTA Title VI Program Requirements
- FHWA Presentation Kevin Resler, FHWA National Title VI Program Coordinator
  - 9:45am 11:10am
- Break
- MAG Demographic Data Tutorial Merry Holmgren
  - 11:20am 12pm
- FHWA & FTA Title VI Program Requirements (continued)
- Four Factor Analysis Review



#### Ice Breaker

# If I handed you a plane ticket right now to anywhere in the world, where would you go?





### Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964

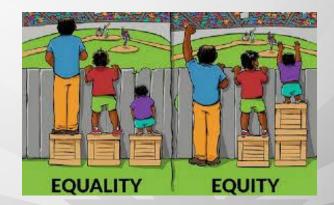
"No person in the United States shall, on the ground of race, color, or national origin, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity receiving Federal Financial assistance."

42 USC 2000d



#### Title VI Ensures individuals are not:

- Denied a service, benefit on the grounds of race, color, or national origin
- Provided a service or benefit that is different from that provided to others
- Restricted in the enjoyment of any advantage or privilege enjoyed by others





### ADOT CRO Title VI Oversight

- Title VI Implementation Plan
- Goals and Accomplishments Report
- On-site Compliance Review
- Technical Support
- Annual FHWA/FTA Title VI Nondiscrimination Training



#### What is a Title VI Implementation Plan?

- A Title VI Nondiscrimination Plan is the standard operating procedure for how Title VI of the 1964 Civil Rights Act is implemented in your Agency.
  - The plan should detail the who, what, how, when, and the why for each of the Agency's programs and activities in relation to Title VI.

23 CFR 200.9



### Title VI Plan Requirement

- 23 CFR 200.9(b)(11): "shall <u>annually</u> submit an <u>updated</u> Title VI implementing plan... for approval or disapproval."
- The Plan represents policies and procedures for implementation in the current State Fiscal Year
  - State Fiscal Year 2025 Plan (7/1/24 6/30/25)
     Due: August 1, 2024

23 CFR 200.9(b)(11)



#### Title VI Plan – Elements

- 1. Policy Statement
- 2. Standard DOT Assurances
- 3. Notice to the Public
- 4. Dissemination of Title VI Information
- 5. Demographic Profile
- 6. Organization & Staffing
- 7. Executive Board Review Approval
- 8. Committee Membership
- 9. Demographic Maps

- 10. Data Collection/Reporting/Analysis
- 11. Limited English Proficiency (LEP)
- 12. Public Participation Plan
- 13. Environmental Justice (EJ)
- 14. Complaint Form and Procedures
- 15. Title VI Training
- 16. Compliance & Enforcement Procedures
- 17. Program Review Procedures
- 18. Subrecipient Review

23 CFR 200.9(b)(11)



#### 1. Policy Statement

- An express commitment to the Title VI Program
- Specific programs and activities covered by the Title VI Program
- The Agency Title VI Program Coordinator
- A delegation of authority and responsibilities to appropriate Managers
- The Policy should be signed by the Chief Executive Officer and circulated throughout the organization and made available to the public



#### 2. DOT Assurances

USDOT Order No. 1050.2: Recipient hereby gives assurance that it will promptly take any measures necessary to ensure that:

"No person in the United States shall, on the grounds of race, color, or national origin, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination under any program or activity," for which the Recipient receives Federal financial assistance from DOT.

USDOT Order No. 1050.2A



# DOT Assurances in the Title VI Nondiscrimination Plan

- Attach the the most recently signed USDOT Assurances, including Appendices
- Signed by head of Agency
  - Executive Director
  - Transportation Director
  - Head of the operating administration

23 CFR § 200.9(a)(1), 49 CFR 21.7, USDOT Order 1050.2A



#### DOT Assurances in FHWA funded contracts

- Attach Appendix <u>A</u> and <u>E</u> to all contracts that are federally funded
- Attach Appendix **B**, **C**, & **D** when applicable (Real Estate)
- Title VI language paragraph (next slide)

USDOT Order No. 1050.2A



#### **DOT** Assurances in FHWA funded contracts

The Recipient will insert the following notification in all solicitations for bids, Requests For Proposals for work, or material subject to the Acts and the Regulations made in connection with all Federal Aid Highway Program and, in adapted form, in all proposals for negotiated agreements regardless of funding source:

"The *(Title of Recipient)*, in accordance with the provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (78 Stat. 252, 42 U.S.C.§§ 2000d to 2000d-4) and the Regulations, hereby notifies all bidders that it will affirmatively ensure that any contract entered into pursuant to this advertisement, disadvantaged business enterprises will be afforded full and fair opportunity to submit bids in response to this invitation and will not be discriminated against on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in consideration for an award."

USDOT Order No. 1050.2A



#### 4. Disseminate Title VI Information



- Describes your processes and procedures on <u>educating</u> the public on their Title VI program<u>rights</u> in the Transportation decision-making process
- Includes the tools, techniques, and strategies used to involve and educate the public, including Limited English Proficient persons

23 CFR 200.9(b)(12)



# 3. Public Notice Posters:

#### Nondiscrimination Notice to the Public

Common methods of dissemination:

- Title VI language on mailers, agendas, etc
- Notice to the Public
- FHWA Title VI Nondiscrimination brochures
- FHWA Title VI Nondiscrimination Implementation Plan posted on website

The Nondiscrimination posters must be posted in areas visual to the public.



# 5. Demographic Profile

- This section must include a summary of the demographic profile of the metropolitan area
- Include demographic information of the service area using the most recent census data available

FTA Title VI C 4702.1B Chapter III-5, III-10, IV-14



# 6. Organization & Staffing of Civil Rights Unit

- Include a description of the relationship between the Title VI Coordinator and the head of the Agency
- A description of the Title VI Coordinator's unit along with an organizational chart
- Outline the roles and responsibilities of the Title VI Coordinator, Title VI Specialist/Manager & Staff

23 CFR 200.9(b)(1)&(2)



#### 7. Executive Board Review Approval

- The plan must include a statement that the Executive Board or Regional Council must review and approve the Title VI Implementation Plan
- A copy of the minutes indicating such approval must be provided

FTA Title VI C 4702.1B III-2, Chapter IV-12, Appendix F



#### 8. Committee Membership

- Non-elected committee and council members, only
  - table depicting the race of committee members, and
  - description of the process used to encourage the participation of minorities on its committees
- For committee members that are not selected by the Agency, no table is required.

FTA Title VI C 4702.1B Chapter III-2-3, Chapter III-9, Appendix F



### 9. Demographic Maps

- This section must include maps that show the impacts of the distribution of state and federal funds in the aggregate for public transportation
- Make sure to include demographic data in the map in addition to funding distribution

FTA Title VI C 4702.1B IV-3, IV-7-8, IV-15, V-1, Appendix I



#### 10. Data Collection & Analysis

Develop a process for collecting data that should describe:

- How the Agency collects data
- What data is collected
- How the data is analyzed

The Agency must collect Title VI Program-related data on an on-going basis.



23 CFR 200.9(b)(4)



### Data collected on bidders awarded

- Collect demographic data about the firms being awarded contracts
  - Data should be collected and analyzed to determine whether trends exist for awarding contracts on the basis of race, color, or national origin
- Any trends should be highlighted in the annual Goals and Accomplishment Report and explained



#### **Disparate Impact Analysis**

**Disparate impact (also called adverse impact)** discrimination happens when a recipient of federal funds adopts a procedure or engages in a practice that:

- Disparately excludes from benefits or services based on race, color, or national origin
- Inflicts disproportionate share of harm based on race, color, or national origin

#### **Title VI analysis involves pairing two things:** Demographic Data + Impact or Benefit

49 C.F.R. 21.5(b); 28 C.F.R. 42.104(b)



#### Data Collection & Analysis continued...

Program Area/ Activity	Demographic Data Collected	Title VI Analysis	
Procurement (Purchasing) - Contracts	Race of all bidders	Demographics of all bidders compared to awardees.	
Public Meetings	Race of all attendees (Self-ID Surveys)	Compare meeting attendee demographics with the demography of the project area.	
Right-of-Way (Real Estate)	Race of all relocatees	Compare demographics of relocatees to compensation offers.	
Maintenance	Locations of maintenance work (mapped)	Compare maintenance locations to the demography of the city or neighborhoods (map overlay).	

#### 23 CFR 200.9(b)(4)



#### FHWA Program Area Data Matrix

FHWA website includes a sample data source that gives examples on how data collection can be done to ensure compliance with Title VI.

Right of Way						
Data/Information Description	Collection Personnel	Data Contact	Internal System / Resource	External Source	Title VI Analysis Description	
Public Involvement - Right of Way Project meetings	[Right of Way Specialist]	Communications Data Team	[Internal Database] - Communications	Form 1234: completed by attendees	Data is used to compare meeting attendee demographics with the demography of the state or areas affected.	
Relocation - Appraisal Data	[Right of Way Specialist]	[Right of Way Specialist]	Electronic Project File on [internal shared drive]	Right of Way Form 1235 (relocatee profile), Appraisal Log and Recommendation	Data used to assess demographics of relocatees compared to Just Compensation offers.	

#### 23 CFR 200.9(b)(4)



# 11. Limited English Proficiency (LEP)

#### Who is an LEP individual?

- Individuals who do not speak English as their primary language and who have limited ability to read, speak, write, or understand English can be LEP
- Executive Order 13166 states that people who are LEP should have meaningful access to federally conducted and federally funded programs and activities

23 CFR 200.9(b)(12), Executive Order #13166



#### LEP in Title VI Nondiscrimination Plan

At minimum your Implementation Plan should include:

- 1. Four Factor Analysis conducted on the entire service area of your Agency
- 2. Identify the program areas that interact with members of the public
  - Include how your Agency will work with LEP individuals
  - Include how your Agency will solicit input from LEP individuals
- 3. Process to identify LEP populations project-by project

23 CFR 200.9(b)(12), Executive Order #13166



### Limited English Proficiency Plan

#### **Vital Documents**

• After completing the Four Factor Analysis, a recipient may determine that an effective LEP plan includes translation of vital documents

#### Vital documents include, but are not limited to:

- Consent and complaint forms
- Written notices of rights
- Decreases in benefits or services
- Notices advising LEP individuals of free language assistance services
- Other documents that provide access to essential services your agency provides

FTA C 4702.1B Chap. III-9



### Tools for ensuring access to LEP individuals



I speak ...

እኔ አጣረኛ ነው ምናገረው. Arabic

أنا أتحدث اللغة العربية

A

Armenian Ես խոսում եմ հայերեն

B

Bengali আমী ঝংলা কখা ঝেলতে পারী

Bosnian Ja govorim bosanski

Bulgarian Аз говоря български

Burmese ကျွန်တော်/ကျွန်မ မြန်မာ လို ပြောတတ် ပါတယ်၊



- Translated materials
- I-Speak cards
- Volunteer Bilingual staff
- Vendors for
  - interpretation/translation services
- Online translating resources



#### **Four Factor Analysis**

Is a tool to determine what are the prevalent languages in the project area.

 Agencies are required to take reasonable steps to ensure meaningful access to their programs and activities by LEP persons.

Below are the Four Factors involved in the analysis:

- 1. Demography
- 2. Frequency
- 3. Importance
- 4. Resources



### 13. Environmental Justice (EJ)

What is EJ?

 EJ at the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) means identifying and addressing disproportionately high and adverse effects of the agency's programs, policies, and activities on minority populations and low-income populations to achieve an equitable distribution of benefits and burdens.



#### Minority Populations (per DOT EJ Order)

- Black or African American
- Hispanic
- Asian American
- American Indian/Alaskan Native
- Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander



### **EJ Low Income Populations**

- Low-Income Population means any readily identifiable group of low-income persons who live in geographic proximity
  - Geographically dispersed transient persons (such as migrant workers or Native Americans) who will be similarly affected by a proposed program, policy, or activity.



# **Core Principles of EJ**

- Avoid, minimize, or mitigate disproportionately high and adverse human health and environmental effects, including social and economic effects, on minority and low-income populations;
- Ensure full and fair participation by all potentially affected populations in the decision-making process;
- Prevent the denial, reduction or significant delay in the receipt of benefits by minority and low-income populations



## **Environmental Justice (EJ)**

FHWA EJ principles for transportation decision making:

- Identifying and addressing disproportionately high and adverse effects on minority populations and low-income populations.
- To achieve fair treatment for minority populations and low-income populations through an equitable distribution of benefits and burdens resulting from programs, plans, and activities.
- It also seeks to ensure the full and fair participation of all potentially affected communities and it does so through creating opportunities for meaningful public involvement in the transportation decision-making process.

**Executive Order #12898** 



## **Environmental Justice (EJ)**

- Describes the process of how EJ is integrated into each FHWA funded project.
  - How does the Agency collect minority (race) and low-income population data?
  - Describe how each program integrates EJ into Public Participation

**Executive Order #12898** 



### EJ and Title VI

Area of Comparison	EJ	Title VI Statute
Authorizing source	Executive Order 12898	Civil Rights Act of 1964
Goal	Identify and address disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on minority and low-income populations	Prohibit discrimination on the basis of race, color, or national origin in programs receiving Federal assistance
Protected classes	Minority and low-income populations	Race, color, and national origin



### 12. EJ & Public Involvement

- Meaningful engagement methods for minority and low income populations
  - Identification of EJ communities within a project area
- Provide multiple methods for:
  - Outreach
  - Transportation decision making process
- Consider potential barriers that may exist for low income and minority groups to participate

23 CFR 200.9(b)(8)



### What does Title VI/EJ/LEP compliance look like in Public Involvement?

- Limited English Proficiency (LEP) in Public Involvement (examples)
  - Notices available in multiple languages
  - Outreach in LEP languages
- EJ in Public Involvement (examples)
  - Making virtual meeting accessible through multiple avenues
  - Accessible meeting locations and times
- Title VI in Public Involvement
  - Public knows their rights
  - Public has access to the transportation decision making process



## Addressing Discrimination under EJ and Title VI

- **EJ** When you have EJ communities, we must evaluate to what extent we have those impacts. (Disproportionately High and Adverse).
- Title VI Prohibits discrimination. Provides a mechanism to file a complaint if stakeholders and/or public feel actions are discriminatory.



### **14. Complaint Procedures**

- Describes the Agency's procedures for prompt processing, investigation, and resolution of Title VI Program complaints (race, color, and national origin) received by the Agency.
- Procedures must include:
  - A description of the complaint process identifying how and where a complaint would be filed, with which department or person, and all applicable timeframes.
  - A description of the process by which the Agency will track the complaints and keep the required data for each complaint received.
  - All FHWA Title VI & ADA complaints are to be forwarded to ADOT for processing, within 72 hours.

23 CFR 200.9(b)(3)



### 14. Complaint Procedures

If your Agency were to receive an FHWA Title VI complaint, who would investigate?

- A. COG/MPO Agency
- B. ADOT
- C. FHWA Division Office
- D. Once FHWA Division Office receives the complaint, they may delegate ADOT to investigate the Title VI complaint against the subrecipient

23 CFR 200.9(b)(3)



### 14. Complaint Procedures

If your Agency were to receive a FTA Title VI complaint, who would investigate?

- A. ADOT
- B. COG/MPO Agency
- C. FTA Headquarters

D. Notify ADOT CRO within 72 hours, and proceed with your Agency's FTA Title VI Complaint Procedures.

23 CFR 200.9(b)(3)



## 15. Title VI Training

Include **how** and **when** members of the following will be trained on Title VI Program requirements and responsibilities:

- Agency's Civil Rights staff
- Title VI liaisons
- Other employees within the agency

Include procedures as to how and when training will be conducted for subrecipients, contractors, or consultants.



23 CFR 200.9(b)(9)



# Title VI Training continued...

- Title VI training topics (minimum)
  - Title VI Definition
  - Title VI Complaint Procedures
  - LEP language assistance procedures, for your Agency
- Training can be different depending on the title of the staff member depending on how Title VI applies to their position
- Consultants and contractors may also need to receive Training on their Title VI responsibilities.
- Every person in your organization needs to be trained on the Agency's Title VI complaint processes as well as language assistance for the LEP population.

23 CFR 200.9(b)(9)



### **16. Compliance and Enforcement Procedures**

- How trends/patterns of discrimination are:
  - Identified
  - Eliminated
- How compliance reviews of sub-recipients are:
  - Conducted
  - Determined compliant
  - Enforced



#### 23 CFR 200.9(b)(14) & (15)



### 17. Program Area Review Procedures

**Describe** pertinent **program areas** and the Title VI **responsibilities** of each program area and the process for conducting **yearly reviews**. The process should define:

- The types of reviews and their objectives,
- What activities will be reviewed for the program,
- What data will be sought from the program area(s),
- How the **data obtained** will be analyzed, and
- How will the review determine **effectiveness**

23 CFR 200.9(b)(5),(6) & (13), 23 CFR 200.9(a)(4)



### **18. Subrecipient Review Procedures**

Describe the process for conducting reviews of the subrecipients. The process should define:

- A schedule or amount of reviews anticipated per year,
- The types of reviews and their objectives,
- Where and when the outcome of the reviews will be reported,
- What activities will be reviewed, and
- How will the review determine **effectiveness**

23 CFR 200.9 (b)(7)



### **Implementation Plan Wrap-Up**

- Plan should have the submittal date, and the effective date
- Plan should contain the Agency Title VI Standard Operating Procedures (SOP)
- Agencies will submit a Plan every year, with newly signed FHWA Title VI Assurances and Policy Statement.
- Four Factor Analysis will be completed by agency annually
- Publish the ADOT Civil Rights Office approved FHWA Title VI Nondiscrimination Plan on your Agency's public website

23 CFR § 200.9(b)(11)



## **Goals and Accomplishments Report**

### 23 CFR §200.9(b)(10)

• Shall "prepare a yearly report of Title VI accomplishments for the past year and goals for the next year."

23 CFR § 200.9(b)(10)



### Accomplishments should include:

- 1. **Program Area Reviews** Number of reviews, results, and actions taken; any corrective actions being taken
- 2. **Subrecipient Reviews** Number of reviews, results, and actions taken
- 3. **Training** Number of trainings, topics covered, audience, number of attendees, and follow up (if any)
- 4. **Title VI Complaints** Summary for each complaint with current status

23 CFR 200.9(b)(10)



### Goals should include:

- 1. Number of reviews planned for the next year
  - Program Area Reviews
  - Sub-recipient Reviews
- 2. Number and description of sessions planned for FHWA Title VI training
  - Internal (to Agency staff)
  - External (has the Title VI Coordinator attended any trainings)
- 3. Any other Title VI related goals the Agency anticipates for the upcoming year

23 CFR 200.9(b)(10)



### **Important Dates**

- Implementation Plan due August 1, 2024
  - Assurances must be signed each year
- Goals and Accomplishments due August 1, 2024



### **CONTACT US**

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ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION



### **Restaurants near ADOT**

- Phoenix Hibachi House
  - 1750 W. Van Buren St
- La Canasta Capitolio
  - 1733 W. Van Buren St.
- Rosso Italian
  - 2 E. Jefferson St
- Diner 50
  - 1002 S. 19th Ave

- Old Station Sub Shop
  1301 W. Jefferson St
- Cibo
  - 603 N. 5th Ave
- El Quiche Pupusas y Tacos
  - 1724 W. Van Buren St.
- Chilakil To Go
  - 1745 W. Van Buran St